

Pilosol Ointment

Calcium Dobesilate BP 4%,
Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP 2% & Dexamethasone Acetate BP 0.025%

Composition

Each gram contains Calcium Dobesilate BP 40 mg, Lidocaine Hydrochloride USP 20 mg & Dexamethasone Acetate BP 0.25 mg.

Pharmacology

Calcium Dobesilate acts on the capillary walls by regulating their impaired physiological functions - i.e. increased permeability and decreased resistance and on different signs of inflammation. It also has an antithrombotic activity. Lidocaine hydrochloride, a local anesthetic, contributes to relieve pain. Dexamethasone Acetate, a Corticosteroid for topical use, possesses anti-inflammatory and antipruritic actions.

Indications and usage

Internal and external hemorrhoids, anal pruritus, anal eczema, anitis, perianitis, acute hemorrhoidal thrombosis and anal fissure. Pre and postoperative treatment in cases of hemorrhoidectomy. A long-lasting treatment is not indicated.

Dosage and administration

2-3 times daily. Apply in the morning and bedtime and if possible after defecation. If the ointment is preferred, use the applicator by screwing it to the tube. Insert the applicator as deep as possible in the anus then press the tube gently while withdrawing it. In this case, the tube is sufficient for 8 applications. In case of external hemorrhoids or anal pruritus, apply a thin layer of the ointment several times a day. The duration of the treatment is generally of some days. The doctor must be informed if, after 1 to 2 weeks of treatment, the symptomatology has not improved or has worsened.

Contraindication

Hypersensitivity towards the components of Pilosol.

Precaution

In case of renal insufficiency, Pilosol should not be used during longer periods. Avoid long-lasting treatments.

Pregnancy/Breast-feeding

Pregnancy category C

Studies in pregnant women or animals are not available and in humans, it is not known whether Calcium Dobesilate crosses the placental barrier. On the other hand, after topical administration, Lidocaine Hydrochloride and Dexamethasone Acetate are resorbed in variable quantities and can have systemic effects. Moreover, both substances cross the placental barrier. In these conditions, Pilosol should be administered during pregnancy only if the potential benefit justifies the potential risk to the fetus. After oral administration, Calcium Dobesilate is excreted in the maternal milk in low amounts but it is not known whether this is the case with local use. After topical administration, Lidocaine Hydrochloride and Dexamethasone Acetate are excreted in the maternal milk. As a precaution, it should be decided between discontinuating the treatment or the breast-feeding.

Adverse Reaction

Very rare cases have been reported: Modifications of the intestinal transit, temporary burning sensation and local pain. Hypersensitivity reactions together with skin reactions and/or fever can occur. These reactions can be of allergic origin and in this case, the treatment must be discontinued.

Overdosage

No overdosage information found yet.

Storage

The ointment must be stored protected from heat. Store it below 30°C.

Presentation

Each box contains a 30 g ointment tube and applicator.

Manufactured by



Ziska Pharmaceuticals Ltd.

Kaliakoir, Gazipur, Bangladesh